



Arm along the body (downhill position), hand at the waist

Advices for whole blood sampling on the fingertip

Blood sampling facilitated by washing hands with warm water



- 1 Hold the lancet by the body and lightly press the tip of the lancet on the **clean finger** and then push down to release the needle. Form a first and **big drop of blood**.



- 2 Hold the pipet **horizontally** and touch the tip of the pipet to the blood sample. Filling is automatic : **never squeeze the tube** while sampling.
- 3 If very little blood trickles out of the puncture, **lightly squeeze the sides of the finger** to release more blood.
- 4 Repeat until the blood reaches the **black mark** on the pipet.

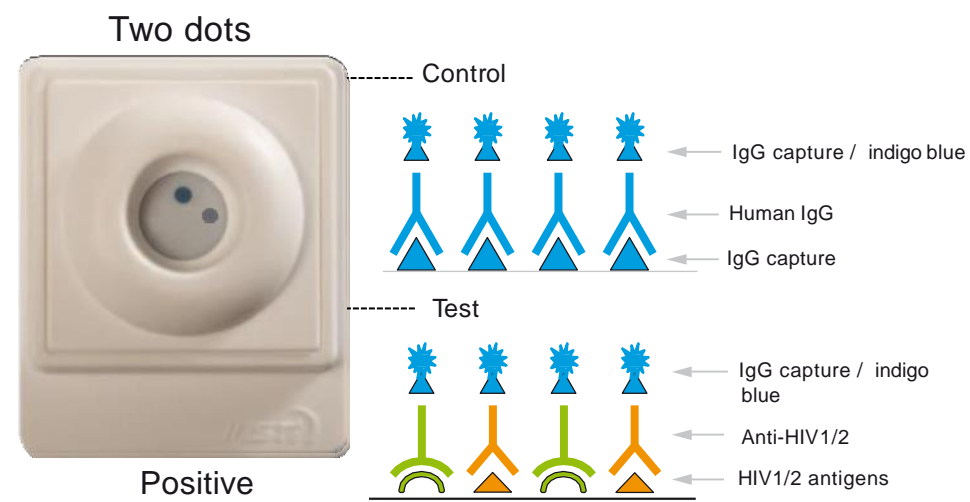
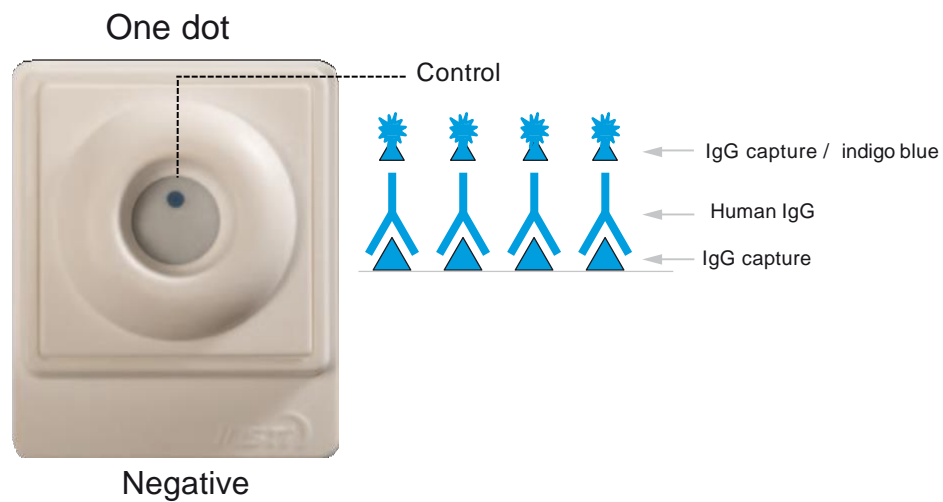


- 3 Align the tip of the pipet with the sample diluent **vial 1** and **squeeze the bulb** to dispense the sample.
- 4 Recap the vial and mix by inversions.

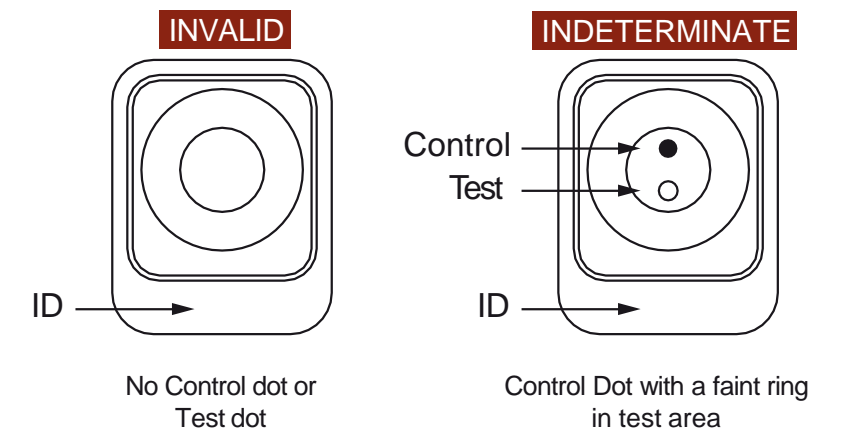


- 4 **Pour the entire contents** to the center of the membran unit well. The sample should be absorbed through the membrane in less than 30 seconds.
- 5 **Resuspend the color developer** by slowly inverting to mix the solution thoroughly. Open the vial and add the entire contents to the center of the membrane Unit well. Wait for absorption.
- 6 Open the clarifying solution and add the entire contents to the center of the Membrane Unit well. **Immediately read the result.**

Interpretation of results



Uninterpretable results



Note : Invalid tests with fingerstick blood samples should be repeated with a fresh sample using a new membrane unit, kit components and support materials.